

## Problem Set # 10

M382E: Algebraic Topology

Due: November 11, 2008

I recommend reading material in Hatcher we will not cover in lecture, for example some of the appendices in Chapter 3.

### Problems in Hatcher

Section 3.2 (page 228): 10, 16, 18

Section 3.A (page 267): 1, 2

Section 3.C (page 291): 4, 5

### Other Problems

- Let  $G$  be a finite group. It is a topological group when endowed with the discrete topology.
  - According to our discussion in lecture, the cohomology  $H^\bullet(G; R)$  is a Hopf algebra for any commutative ring  $R$ . Write a basis and write the coproduct in that basis.
  - The homology  $H_\bullet(G; R)$  is also a Hopf algebra. The coproduct is obtained from the map induced on homology by the diagonal inclusion  $\Delta: G \hookrightarrow G \times G$ . The product is the map induced on homology by the product  $\mu: G \times G \rightarrow G$ . Can you recognize this Hopf algebra?
  - An element  $a$  in a Hopf algebra  $A$  is *grouplike* if  $\Delta(a) = a \otimes a$ . Are there grouplike elements in the Hopf algebras of (a) or (b)?
  - Let  $R$  be a field of characteristic zero. Are the Hopf algebras in (a) and (b) exterior algebras? If not, why does this not violate the Hopf theorem proved in lecture?
- For each part of this problem construct a space  $X$  whose cohomology ring is as indicated or prove that none exists.
  - $H^\bullet(X; \mathbb{F}_3) \cong \mathbb{F}_3[x]/(x^2)$ , where  $\deg x = 5$ .
  - $H^\bullet(X; \mathbb{F}_2) \cong \mathbb{F}_2[x, y]/(x^2)$ , where  $\deg x = 5$ ,  $\deg y = 1$ .
  - $H^\bullet(X; \mathbb{Z}) \cong \mathbb{Z}[x, y, z]/(2x, z^4)$ , where  $\deg x = 1$ ,  $\deg y = 2$ ,  $\deg z = 2$ .
  - $H^\bullet(X; \mathbb{F}_2) \cong \mathbb{F}_2[x]/(x^3)$ , where  $\deg x = 2$ .