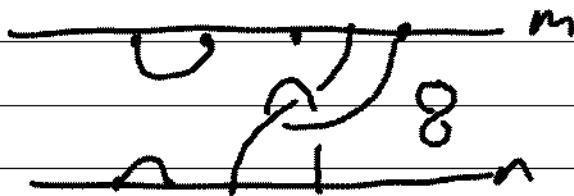


# R. Anno - Affine tangles & irreducible exotic slices

Note Title

2/12/2008

Tangles: Objects are finite sets of points on the line, & morphisms  $(n, m)$  given by arcs & circles in strip times  $\mathbb{R}$



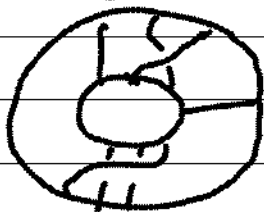
Categorification: objects  $(m) \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  
morphisms = tangles

2-morphisms = cobordisms of tangles  
with isotopies as equivalence relation

Representation of tangles: to  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  assign <sup>triangular</sup> category  $\mathcal{D}_n$   
to tangles  $(n, n)$  assign functors  $\mathcal{D}_n \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_n$   
to cobordisms define natural transformations.

$\text{Hom}(n, n) \supseteq$  braid group  $B_n$

Affine tangles: draw on annulus  $\times \mathbb{R}$  instead of strip  $\times \mathbb{R}$  .... can enumerate elements of affine braid group as braids between two circles



(Similar constructs: Khovanov, Stroppel, Curtis-Kamnitzer)  
 Conjecture on irreducible exotic spaces & its relation  
 due to P. Seidel.

$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_{2n}$ ,  $Z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  nilpotent with two non  
 nilpotent blocks.

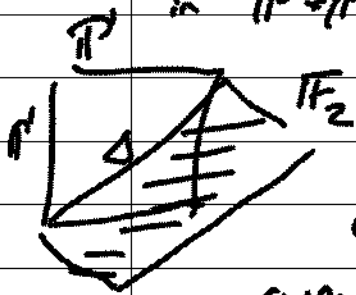
$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Springer} & \mathcal{B}_Z \subset \mathcal{U}_Z \subset \tilde{\mathcal{N}} = T^* \mathcal{B} & \text{(changed} \\ \text{fiber} & & \text{to flags)} \\ & \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow & \\ & \mathcal{S} \subset \mathcal{N} & \text{nilpotent} \\ & & \text{cone} \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{S}$  = Steiner slice,  $\mathcal{U}_Z$  is symplectic (smooth)  
 &  $\mathcal{B}_Z$  is a (reducible) Lagrangian subvariety.

Ex. 1  $Z = (1,1)$  nilpotent in  $\mathfrak{sl}_2$   $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$   
 $\mathcal{U}_Z = \tilde{\mathcal{N}} = T^* \mathcal{P}' \Rightarrow \mathcal{P}' = \mathcal{B}_Z$

Ex. 2  $Z = (2,2)$  nilpotent:  
 $\mathcal{B}_Z = \mathcal{P}' * \mathcal{P}' \cup \underbrace{\mathbb{P}^2}_{\text{Hirzebruch}} \subset \mathcal{U}_Z$   $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

The two surfaces  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1 \cup \mathbb{F}_2$  cross transversally along a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ , diagonal in  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  & exceptional line in  $\mathbb{F}_2$ .



$$D_n = D_{B_2}^b(U_2) :$$

coherent sheaves on  $U_2$  cohomologically supported on  $B_2$ .

Affine braid group acting on  $D^b(\tilde{N})$  constructed by Khovanov-Thomas

... can be linked together to give a tangle category, but for the (n,n) slices as above it can....

For each  $k$  we have a projection  $\mathcal{B} \xrightarrow{p_k} \mathcal{P}_k$  from  $G/B$  to  $G/P_k$ , parabolic with  $k$ 'th index omitted.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} T^*P_k \times \mathcal{B} & = & D_k \xrightarrow[\text{divisor}]{i_k} T^*\mathcal{B} \\ \downarrow \pi_k & & \downarrow \pi_k \\ P_k \times T^*P_k & = & T^*P_k \end{array}$$

$\pi_k \downarrow \mathbb{P}^1\text{-bundle}$

$$D^b(T^*P_k) \xrightleftharpoons{i_k \times T_k^*} D^b(T^*B)$$

$\pi_k \times i_k^!$  right adjoint

These functors are all Fourier-Mukai functors  
 & their kernels form an exact triangle

$$(i_k \times \pi_k^*)(\pi_k \times i_k^!) \rightarrow \text{id} \rightarrow T_k$$

& the functors  $T_k$  are autoequivalences  
 of  $D^b(T^*B)$ , giving generators for a weak  
 braid group action (Khovanov-Thomas),  
 extra of the generators act by tensor multiplication  
 by line bundles.

Restrict to Springer fibres for  $\mathbb{Z}$  (or  $n$ )-invariant:

$$D_k \cap U_{\mathbb{Z}_n} \xrightarrow{\text{divisor}} U_{\mathbb{Z}_n}$$



$$U_{k, \mathbb{Z}_n}$$

||

$$U_{\mathbb{Z}_{n-2}}$$

$P_k$  analog of Springer / Steiner picture.

- partial flag Springer for  $\mathbb{Z}_n$  gives  
 full Springer for  $\mathbb{Z}_{n-2}$ .

⇒ sequence of derived categories & functors

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 & \xrightarrow{1} & & \xrightarrow{F^1} & \\
 D_{2n-4} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & D_{2n-2} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & D_{2n} \\
 & \searrow & \vdots & \searrow & \\
 & & & \xrightarrow{F^{2n-1}} & \\
 & & & & \\
 & \xrightarrow{2n-3} & & & 
 \end{array}$$

with exact triangles  $F^k R^{F^k} \rightarrow \text{id} \rightarrow T_{2n}^k : D_{2n}^2$

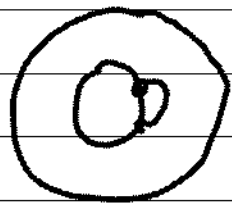
with  $T_{2n}^k$  generated by wedge braid group action on  $D_{2n}$  (here  $R^{F^k}$  is the right adjoint to  $F^k$ ). → assign to generators of affine tangle category:

[Cautis - Kamnitzer]


....

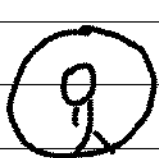


$$\begin{aligned}
 & \rightsquigarrow g_{2n}^i = \Sigma_k \otimes i_k \times \Pi_k^* \\
 & \Sigma_k = \text{topological link bundle}
 \end{aligned}$$



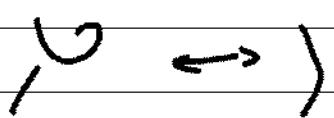
$$\begin{aligned}
 & \rightsquigarrow \text{adjoint } R_{2n}^i = [S_{2n}^i[-2]] \\
 & f_{2n}^i = R_{2n}^{S_{2n}^i}[1] = [S_{2n}^i[-1]]
 \end{aligned}$$

  $\rightsquigarrow t_{2n}^i = T_{2n}^i$

  $\rightsquigarrow (T_{2n}^i)^{-1}$  inverse functor.

--- unoriented version of (Cuntz-Krieger).

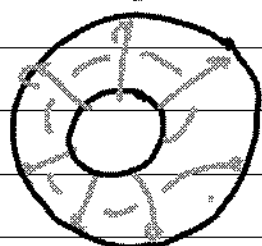
$\rightsquigarrow$  extends to framed tangles: satisfy 1<sup>st</sup> Reidemeister

  $\leftrightarrow$  (tangles with normal vectors)



.....  $\rightarrow$  get an extension to full affine braid group (not in Cuntz-Krieger)

- add generator



$\rightsquigarrow \otimes \Sigma_{2n}^v$ :

Lensar with topological line bundle on  $G/B$ -

flag. dual to last quotient line  $V_{2n}/V_{2n-1}$  in flag.

( $n=1$  :  $\otimes_{P^1} \mathcal{O}(-1)$ ,  $n=2$  :  $\otimes_{P^1 \times P^1} \mathcal{O}(0, -1)$ )

Exotic  $t$ -structure: characterized in terms of affine braid action.

$$\alpha \in D_n \text{ lies in } D^{\geq 0} \iff$$

$\forall b^+ \in AR_{2n}$  a positive affine braid  
 ... ie all intersections are positive  $\nearrow$  not  
 negative  $\nwarrow$  ... we have

$$R\Gamma \underbrace{\psi(b^+) \alpha}_{\text{action of braid on } \alpha} \in D^{\geq 0}(\text{Vect})$$

Claim The functors  $g_{2n}^i$  are  $t$ -exact & send irreducibles to irreducibles [second part follows from first by Beuzukavnikov-Mirkovic]

Corollary The functors corresponding to crossingless matchings

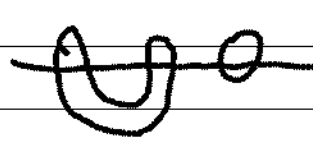
$$\text{matchings } \begin{array}{c} \text{Diagram of a sphere with two vertical lines and two horizontal lines forming a crossingless matching} \end{array} : D_0 \longrightarrow D_{2n}$$

$D^b(\text{Vect}) \cong k$

define irreducible exotic spaces for each crossingless matching, which by dim  $k_0$  argument form a basis  $\rightarrow$  complete set of irreducibles

$\Rightarrow$  can describe Ext's of irreducible mod's  
slices in terms of crossingless matchings  
[currently up to a size] ...

Khovanov description of sl<sub>2</sub> homology: vector  
space labelled by crossingless matchings:

  $\rightarrow$  2 copies of  $\mathbb{C}[x]/x^2$   
(labelled by loops)

Here have two kinds of bases:



type 1: don't wrap around,

assign  $\Lambda^0 V \otimes \Lambda^2 V$  for  $V$  a symplectic  
vector space / Frobenius algebra

Type 2: assign  $\Lambda^1 V$ .

- Ext algebra fully described as vector space  
with  $\pm$  basis, & multiplication described up to  
sign.

$\rightarrow$  describe  $D_{2n}$  as modules over a version  
of Khovanov algebra.