

Local Langlands - reps of groups like $GL_n(\mathbb{Q}_p)$, $GL_n(\mathbb{F}_q((t)))$
 \rightsquigarrow reps of $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}K \rightarrow \hat{\mathfrak{a}}_K \rightarrow \mathfrak{a}_K \otimes \mathbb{C}((t)) \rightarrow 0$
 as complex analogue.

Local Langlands correspondence relates such representations ($GL_n(K) |$)
 to n -dimensional representations of $Gal(\bar{K}/K)$
 (or Weil group). Try to do something similar for representations
 of $\hat{\mathfrak{a}}_K$: Galois datum bundles with connection on
 punctured disc etc.

Outline of Langlands picture, global setting:

F = global field - i.e. [number field or] function field $F = \mathbb{F}_q(X)$
 X smooth projective curve $/\mathbb{F}_q$

\bar{F} = separable closure of F

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{irred unitary reps} \\ \text{of Weil group} \end{array} \right\} \longleftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{cuspidal automorphic} \\ \text{reps of } GL_n(A) \end{array} \right\}$ [Lafforgue]

$x \in X \Rightarrow$ completion X_x of F $K_v \cong \mathbb{F}_q((t)) \supset \mathbb{F}_q[[t]] \cong \mathbb{C}$
 $A = \prod_{x \in X} X_x$ almost everywhere in $\mathcal{O}_x \subset K_v$.

Automorphic: can be realized in functions on $GL_n(F) \backslash GL_n(A)$
 If π is such & $v \in \pi$ s.t. $K \cdot v = v \Rightarrow$
 function on $GL_n(F) \backslash GL_n(A) / K$

Replace GL_n by G -split reductive groups $/\mathbb{F}_q \Rightarrow$

reps of $G(A) \longleftrightarrow Gal(\bar{F}/F) \longrightarrow {}^L G$

${}^L G$ Langlands dual group: $G \supset T \quad X^*(T)$ characters $X_*(T)$ cocharacters
 Δ roots $\text{coroots } \Delta^\vee$

- switch root data $\Rightarrow {}^L G$.

simply connected as adjoint, $B \rightarrow C$ etc.

Much more complicated for $G \neq GL_n \dots$

$G(A) = \prod_{x \in X} G(X_x) \quad Gal(\bar{F}/F) \hookrightarrow Gal(\bar{K}_x/K_x)$

X curve $/\mathbb{C}$: Galois group \rightsquigarrow fundamental groups:
 $\pi_1(X) \longrightarrow {}^L G \Rightarrow {}^L G$ -local systems $\leftrightarrow {}^L G$ -bundle + connection ^(Frenkel)

Unramified case on fuchs on $G(F) \backslash G(A) / G(G)$
 $K = G(O) = \prod_x G(O_x)$ max compact, which are eigenvalues
 for Hecke operators
 fuchs / \mathcal{H}_g mod constructible spaces $\xrightarrow{\text{Poincaré}}$ D-modules

Weil $G(F) \backslash G(A) / G(G) = \{ \text{iso classes of principal } G\text{-bundles on } X \}$

... should be set of points of moduli space of G-bundles on
 really algebraic stack: Bun_G

\leadsto conjecture (Drinfeld, Laumon, Beilinson)

G-bundles on X with \longleftrightarrow D-modules on Bun_G
 Connexion with Hecke condition

Localization functor: Rep of Vir \longrightarrow D-module on moduli of curves,
 fibers are spaces of connections

Rep of \mathfrak{g} \longrightarrow D-module on Bun_G

Integrable vacuum rep of \mathfrak{g} lead to $L_k \Rightarrow$ stack of
 vacua of WZW model, with connection - property \mathfrak{g}
 (twisted D-modules)

To construct Hecke eigenstates need reps of \mathfrak{g} of
 critical level where Sugawara breaks down:
 \leadsto study reps of \mathfrak{g} at critical level

Thm (Feigin-Frenkel) Let $\tilde{U}_{-k}(\mathfrak{g}) = \varinjlim_{N>0} U_{-k}(\mathfrak{g}) / U_{-k}(\mathfrak{g}) \otimes \mathbb{C}[t^{-1}]$
 [acts on "smooth" representations: all vectors killed by
 $\mathfrak{g} \otimes t^N \mathbb{C}[t^{-1}]$ N large enough]

The center $Z(\mathfrak{g})$ of $\tilde{U}_{-k}(\mathfrak{g})$ is canonically isomorphic to
 the algebra $\text{Fun}[\text{Op}_{\text{reg}}(D^*)]$

\mathfrak{g} -oper on X: principal G-bundle + connection + reduction to Borel with sec cond
 eg sl_2 $\mathcal{D} = \mathcal{D}_t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & q(t) \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $q(t) = \sum q_n t^n \in \mathbb{C}[[t]]$
 \leadsto $\mathcal{D}^2 - q(t)$ Sturm-Liouville operator $\sum S_m t^{-m-2}$
 $Z(\mathcal{D}_0) \simeq \mathbb{C}[q_n]_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \simeq \mathbb{C}[S_m]$ Sugawara operators

Let $V(\mathfrak{a}) = \text{Int}_{\mathfrak{a}}^{\mathfrak{a}} \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} \mathbb{C}^{-h}$

$$\mathbb{Z}(\mathfrak{a}) \longrightarrow \text{End}_{\mathfrak{a}} V(\mathfrak{a}) = \mathbb{Z}(\mathfrak{a})$$

Theorem 2 This map is surjective & image is
 Fun $\text{Op}_{\text{unif}}(D)$... eg. st. End = $\mathbb{C}[z^{-1}]_{n \geq 0}$
 $= \mathbb{C}[z^{-1}]_{m \leq -2}$ Sierman

Given $\rho \in \text{Op}_{\text{unif}}(D) \Rightarrow \mathfrak{a}$ -module
 $V_{\rho} = V(\mathfrak{a}) / \{\text{Ker } \bar{\rho}: \mathbb{Z}(\mathfrak{a}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\}$

Theorem 3 V_{ρ} is irreducible, $\neq 0$ & these are all
 irreducible unramified \mathfrak{a} -modules.

Theorem (Baikun-Drinfeld) 1. If ρ extends to $\tilde{\rho} \in \text{Op}_{\text{unif}}(X)$
 Then $\Delta(V_{\rho}) \neq 0$ on B_{unif} , get Hecke eigenstate corresponding
 to underlying (\mathcal{F}, ∇) G-loc system. $\text{Op}_{\mathbb{C}}(x) \subset \mathcal{L}_{\mathbb{C}}(x)$
 2. Otherwise $\Delta(V_{\rho}) = 0$. \implies indep of $x \in X$.

E. Frinkel - Local Langlands for affine for. Moduli schemes II 1/21/03
 of "critical" level extension of $\rho_g \in \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q)$
 Smooth $\hat{\rho}_g$ -modules M : $\forall v \in M \exists N \geq 0$ s.t. $\rho_g^{(N)} \cdot v = 0$
 & K acts as identity (critical level)
 $U_i(\hat{\rho}_g) = U(\hat{\rho}_g) / (K-1)$, $\tilde{U}(\hat{\rho}_g) = \varprojlim U_i(\hat{\rho}_g) / U_i(\hat{\rho}_g) \cdot \rho_g^{(N)} \in \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q)$

$Z(\hat{\rho}_g)$ center of $\tilde{U}(\hat{\rho}_g)$
Theorem (Feigin-Frenkel) $Z(\hat{\rho}_g) \cong \text{Fun}(\text{Op}_G(D)^*)$ ("G-operators")

(G simply conn, ${}^L G$ adjoint type)
 Consider categories of Harish-Chandra modules for $(\hat{\rho}_g, K)$
 $K \subset \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q)$, & relate them/their derived categories to
 categories of coherent sheaves on varieties associated to ${}^L G$.

Simplest case $K = \text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q) = G(\mathbb{F}_q)$. Example of a $(\hat{\rho}_g, G(\mathbb{F}_q))$ -module:
 vacuum module $V(\hat{\rho}_g) = V_*(\hat{\rho}_g) = \text{Ind}_{\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q)}^{\text{Gal}(\overline{\mathbb{F}}_q/\mathbb{F}_q)} \mathbb{C}$

Last line: $\text{End}_{\hat{\rho}_g} V(\hat{\rho}_g) \cong \text{Fun}(\text{Op}_G(D))$.
 \uparrow \uparrow restriction
 $Z(\hat{\rho}_g) \cong \text{Fun}(\text{Op}_G(D))$

\mathcal{C}_0 : category of $(\hat{\rho}_g, G(\mathbb{F}_q))$ -modules [$K = \text{Id}$] s.t. $Z(\hat{\rho}_g)$ acts
 factors through $\mathfrak{z}(\hat{\rho}_g) := \text{End}_{\hat{\rho}_g} V(\hat{\rho}_g)$

\mathcal{M}_0 : category of q -ch sheaves on $\text{Op}_G(D) = \mathfrak{z}(\hat{\rho}_g)$ -mod.
 $F_0: \mathcal{C}_0 \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathcal{M}_0: \mathcal{C}_0$ $F: M \mapsto \text{Har}_{\hat{\rho}_g}(V(\hat{\rho}_g), M)$
 $G: F \mapsto V(\hat{\rho}_g) \otimes_{\mathfrak{z}(\hat{\rho}_g)} F$

Theorem F_0, G_0 exist, mutually inverse equivalences of categories

More generally any $(\hat{\rho}_g, G(\mathbb{F}_q))$ module is supported
 in spec $Z(\hat{\rho}_g)$ on the union for every $\lambda \in \text{Irr } {}^L G$
 of the formal neighborhoods of some of OPers with
 regular singularity with residue λ :
 i.e. $(\hat{\rho}_g, G(\mathbb{F}_q))$ -modules decomposes into blocks labeled
 by $\lambda \in \text{Irr } {}^L G$. we have only considered one supported
 precisely on $\text{Op}(D)$, correspondence doesn't just
 extend to full block.

Steps in proof:

1. $V(\mathfrak{a})$ free over $\mathfrak{z}(\mathfrak{a})$ — analog of Kostant's theorem that $V_{\mathfrak{g}}$ is free over $\mathfrak{Z}_{\mathfrak{g}}$.

Proof: first prove for associated graded,
 $\text{Sym } \mathfrak{g}(X) / \mathfrak{a}(G) = \text{Fun } \mathfrak{a}[t] \oplus \mathfrak{a}^{\oplus 2} \oplus \dots$
or $\mathfrak{z}(\mathfrak{a}) = \text{Fun}(\mathfrak{a}[t] \oplus \mathfrak{a}^{\oplus 2} \oplus \dots)^{G(G)}$ (by F-F theorem)

Kostant proof in (2) case: nilpotent core (zero locus) is complete intersection \implies irred (& red-ir!) (Nilpotent is zero locus of polynomials).

So look at $\text{Fun } \mathfrak{a}[t] / (\text{Fun } \mathfrak{a}[t]^{G(G)})_+ = \text{Fun } N$
jet scheme of nilpotent core

jet schemes often reducible, non-reduced etc!
Theorem $J_n N$ are irr. reduced, complete intersection

... since N has rational singularities (Mustata)
- jet schemes of irred reduced schemes are also irred, red iff at most rational singularities (using motivic integration).

2. $V(\mathfrak{a})$ projective object in $\mathcal{C}_{\mathfrak{a}}$... Duflo

What is $\text{Hom}_{\mathfrak{a}}(V(\mathfrak{a}), V(\mathfrak{a})) = \text{Fun } \text{Op}_{\mathfrak{a}}(D)$
in full category of \mathfrak{a} -modules?

Answer: $\Omega^i(\text{Op}_{\mathfrak{a}}(D))$ Fractal-Telena
... ext algebra is de Rham algebra ...
on double orbits

Classical picture

$V(G/F)$ -module $\text{Fitt}_2(A)$

V^K -module over $\mathbb{H}(G, k)$
Hecke algebra

geometric picture

Category of smooth \mathfrak{a} -modules: $G(X)$
acts on category, not on the modules!

Category of (\mathfrak{a}, k) -modules,
action of $\mathbb{H}(G, k)$ = category of
 K -equiv perverse sheaves on $G(\mathbb{A})/K$
(derived) - with monoidal structure.

- in good resolution hard to define;
have proper maps involved at least
for K large enough.

Spherical Hecke category $\mathcal{H}_{\text{sph}} = \mathcal{H}(\mathbb{C}[H], \mathbb{C}[H])$ - $\mathbb{C}[H]$ -equivariant
 perverse sheaves on $\mathcal{B} = \mathbb{C}[H]/\mathbb{C}[H]$
 Theorem (Mirkovic-Vilonen) $\mathcal{H}_{\text{sph}} \simeq \text{Rep}^L G$
 $\mathcal{C}_0 \simeq \mathcal{M}_0$

Recall \mathcal{M}_0 -geom stacks on $\mathbb{C}P^1(0)$, have universal bundle $\mathbb{C}P^1(0) \times D$
 \mathcal{C}_0 fiber at zero bundle. W G -module $\Rightarrow W_{\mathcal{C}_0} = \tau_{0^*} W$
 $\mathbb{C}P^1(0)$ Vector bundle on $\mathbb{C}P^1(0) \Rightarrow$ action
 of $\text{Rep}^L G$ on \mathcal{M}_0 $W \boxtimes F = W \otimes F$

Theorem $\mathcal{C}_0 \simeq \mathcal{M}_0$ is \mathcal{H}_{sph} -equivalent.

$\mathcal{C}_0 \simeq \mathcal{M}_0$
 $V(\lambda) \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{C}P^1(0)}$
 Corollary $W \in \text{Ob } \text{Rep}^L G$, $\mathcal{I}(W)$ corresponding spherical stack
 Then $\mathcal{I}(W) \boxtimes V(\lambda) = V(\lambda) \otimes_{\mathbb{C}[G]} W \simeq V(\lambda) \otimes W$ as vector space
 i.e. $V(\lambda)$ is eigenobject of spherical Hecke algebra!

M (\mathfrak{g}, K) -module $\cdot \begin{matrix} G \\ \downarrow \\ \mathfrak{g} \end{matrix}$ $M = G \times_K M$ twist.

Given $F \in \text{Dmod}(\mathfrak{g}/K) \Rightarrow H^i_{\text{DR}}(F \otimes M)$ is a (\mathfrak{g}, K) -module
 \Rightarrow action. eg. $M = \mathcal{I}_{\mathbb{C}^2} \mathbb{C} \Rightarrow F \boxtimes M = \mathcal{I}(\mathfrak{g}/K, \mathfrak{g})$

This is categorization of action of G on category of reps
 - take f -fib at $g \in G$, action on category of reps
 will be action of J .

X smooth projective curve, E G -local system \Rightarrow Aut_E
 Dmod on $B_{\mathfrak{g}}'$ which is E -Hecke algebra.
 HW: $\mathcal{D}(B_{\mathfrak{g}}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(X \times B_{\mathfrak{g}})$ $\forall G \in \text{Rep}^L G$

Hecke eigenstack: $\text{HW} \boxtimes \text{Aut}_E \xrightarrow{\sim} W_E \boxtimes \text{Aut}_E$

We've constructed eigen object $V(\lambda)$ in categorical world,

... use localized functor $\Delta: \text{Caj}, \mathbb{C}[[\hbar]]\text{-mod} \rightarrow (\text{twisted}) D\text{-mod on } B_{\hbar}G$

This intertwines Hecke actions!

$V(\text{Caj}) \rightarrow$ Hecke eigenstates...
 $\rho \in \text{Op}_{\hbar}G(D) \Rightarrow V_{\rho} = V(\text{Caj}) / \text{Ideal corresponding to } \rho$
 $\Delta V_{\rho} \neq 0$ iff ρ comes from good opers,
 set Hecke eigenstates with eigenvalue ρ . (B-D)

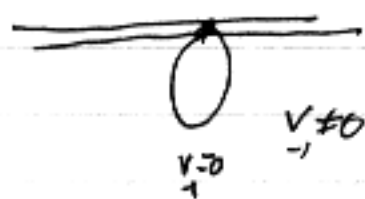
From
 Noncritical level: wait for Hecke eigenstates! by vacuum twist... can act on it by spherical Hecke algebras
 then we get wait to related.

Now replace $G[[\hbar]]$ by Iwahori subgroup +
 \mathcal{C} category of (Caj, I) -modules ~~over~~ which live
 over nilpotent "G-opers" $\text{Op}_{\hbar}G(D) \subset n\text{Op}_{\hbar}G \subset \text{Op}_{\hbar}G(D)$

$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{sl}_2$ $\text{Op}_{\mathfrak{sl}_2} = \{ (F, V, F_B) \}$ $\partial_t + \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & \mu \\ 1 & \nu \end{pmatrix} \sim \partial_t + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \nu \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
 Regular opers: $v \in \mathbb{C}[[\hbar]]$
 Nilpotent opers: $v \in \mathfrak{g} \in \mathbb{C}[[\hbar]] \rightarrow v_1$ "residue" of opers
 In general: $n\text{Op}_{\hbar}G \rightarrow \mathfrak{h}/\text{Ad}^*B$ 0 fiber = regular opers

$\mathcal{M} =$ category of quasiprojective schemes on nilpotent Morse opers
 $\text{Springer}(Res, \rho) \subset n\mathcal{M} \text{Op}_{\hbar}G \xrightarrow{\text{Res}} \mathfrak{h}/\text{Ad}^*B$ Springer resolution
 \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow
 $\rho \in n\text{Op}_{\hbar}G \xrightarrow{\text{Res}} \mathfrak{h}/\text{Ad}^*B$

\mathfrak{sl}_2 : $v_1 = 0$ glue in \mathbb{P}^1 , $v_1 \neq 0$ glue in point (double)
 Singular quasiprojective variety!



Conjecture (Frenkel-Gaitsgory) $D^b(\mathcal{C}) = D^b(\mathcal{M})$
 as categories "over" $n\text{Op}_{\hbar}G$.

ie \mathcal{C} fibers are space of opers with fibers category of schemes ^{really} \mathbb{Z} -mod \mathbb{C} -mod
 on Springer fiber.

Hecke action: $\text{Beilinson} \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^1 \text{ (6(1) } \mathbb{Z})_{\text{mon}} \text{ } \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^1}(\mathbb{Z})$
 $\mathbb{Z} =$ Steinberg (or de vries) $D^b(\text{Caj-mod}) \circ D^b(\mathcal{M})$
 Should be compatible with modules